

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY.

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXIV.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1911.

No. 14

From 1875 to 1879 McCrae as Governor Pardoned 336 People for Furnishing Liquor to Boys.

OUTLOOK PROMISING

Judge O'Rear Speaks to Large Audiences.

Underwood and Heflin Receive Little Attention in Third District.

Franklin, Ky., Oct. 14.—Judge O'Rear wound up a week's speaking tour of the Third Congressional district with an address in the crowded Simpson county courthouse here this afternoon. The audience was made up largely of farmers, who came from all sections of the surrounding country.

Judge O'Rear has been closely pursued or just preceded at every place in this district, by some visiting Congressman, who appealed to Democratic voters to support their ticket for the sake of its effect on the national election. Congressman Stanley followed him at Greenville and Central City, and Congressman Heflin, of Alabama, spoke at Elizton and Franklin the day before Judge O'Rear's date.

Only about a hundred heard the Congressman at Elizton, and there only a score of politicians were present when the hour arrived. The public schools were dismissed, and by earnest use of the telephone a crowd of respectable size was finally secured.

UNDERWOOD MEETS FROST.

Less than 200 people welcomed House Leader Underwood when he spoke at Lewelling Green, his boyhood home, in the interest of the Democratic ticket.

Conditions in Simpson are gratifying for the Republican ticket, and the Democratic majority will be considerably cut. A bond issue of \$75,000 for county roads will bring out a full vote, which probably will save the Democratic organization from losing the county, as many of its voters would not attend the polls, but for this question.

Judge O'Rear was introduced today by E. H. Black, a merchant of this place, and referred to the arguments advanced by Congressman Heflin as they had been reported to him.

KENTUCKY ISSUE.

"Mr. Heflin, I understand, talked to you about national issues almost exclusively," said Judge O'Rear. "His reasoning may have been profound, and I hope you will keep it fresh in your mind for twelve months, when we will vote upon national issues. This year we are considering State affairs. Our Constitution provides that State and national elections shall not be held the same year to avoid confusing the issues."

"You plant your corn in the spring and your wheat in the fall. If someone should come around and talk to you about the proper way to prepare the ground and plant wheat in the spring, you might give him respectful attention, but you would not let it interfere with your corn planting, because that is the time for planting corn. So we may listen to their discussion of national issues, but it should not be allowed to interfere with our settlement of State affairs this year."

STATE OR PARTY.

"No doubt," he said, "some people think the party man should vote always to strengthen the national party, and to those who put the party first and party interests highest, such arguments appeal, but to the man who puts the State first and the State's interests highest, that argument does not appeal. We have a Senatorial election this year, and that is used as an excuse for introducing national issues; but let us see how it works out."

"In every election for Governor there is also a Senatorial election, and if we permit it to control, we never shall be able to settle purely local issues, excepting on a national basis. Kentucky is but one of forty six units, represented equally in the National Senate, and she would have but slight influence and a small voice in getting her own peculiar interests

subversed through national legislation. Judge O'Rear then launched into a discussion of the evils of State Government, growing out of lobby domination. The representatives of the people fail to reflect public sentiment and respond to the public will. Corruption of the law-making body, through offices of place, free passes, small favors, party loyalty and even bribery, he said, has prevented for twenty years compliance with the Constitution in matters vitally affecting the interests of the people of Kentucky.

Initiation and Banquet.

The Centertown "Forget-me-not" Rebekah Lodge met at their regular session Friday afternoon and initiated three new members, after which they repaired to the banquet room where a nice lunch was served. The table being decorated in pink and green, the lodge color. Visiting members from Rockport Lodge, were Mrs. Estella Ross, P. G., Mrs. Dexter, V. G., and Miss Beck. The Rebekahs have a fully equipped degree team and are doing excellent work visiting members from other lodges will always meet with a hearty reception. They will give an evening entertainment in a short while for the benefit of the lodge. The laughing feature will be the "Old Maid's Convention." The public is cordially invited to be present.

A REBEKAH.

Average Value of \$14.50.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 16.—Landspers are valued in Kentucky from \$3.35 to \$80.07. The poorest land, according to its value in Kentucky, is in Rowan county, and the highest priced is in Fayette county. The values range according to the location, the poorest being in the eastern part of the State and the richest land being in the central and western part of the State. The total of all the land in Kentucky for taxation is \$351,555,518, and the total number of acres 24,223,685, making an average value of land per acre, \$14.50. The law governing assessments in this State are so defective that when a raise is made on the county it must be on the county as a whole, and in a very few instances these increases in the lands result in hardships, but such is never the case with the good lands.

Gov. Wilson May Succeed Harlan.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 16.—There is some talk here that Governor Wilson, of Kentucky, and Judge Cochran, of that State, might be given consideration in connection with the recently created vacancy in the Supreme Court.

It is considered highly probable in the event the President sends a Justice in the Sixth Circuit that he will consider the appointment of either Governor Wilson or Judge Cochran. Governor Wilson's name has been mentioned in connection with the Supreme Court before, as has that of Judge Cochran.

Three Indiana names have been suggested as possibilities to succeed the late Associate Justice Harlan on the Supreme Court bench. These are Charles W. Fairbanks, United States Circuit Judge Frank Baker and United States District Judge A. B. Anderson.

This talk merely is speculative, as the President is away and no person here has any information on which to predict what will happen. Mr. Fairbanks' name might receive favorable consideration if he cared to accept the honor, but his close friends here believe that he would not accept it.

CERALVO.

Oct. 18.—Mrs. Mary Theory, Dahlgreen, Ill., is visiting friends and relatives here. Mrs. Theory moved from this place twenty nine years ago.

Miss Mattie Helsky went to Bowing Green Tuesday to attend school.

Rev. N. B. Watson filled his appointment here Tuesday. Hereafter he will preach every first Sunday evening.

Mr. W. H. Blackburn has been appointed postmaster here in place of Mrs. Mattie Maddox who resigned.

Favors Good Roads.

Judge O'Rear favors an amendment to the constitution so that the convicts can be worked on the roads. Good idea, Judge, we are with you.—Elizabethtown News, Democratic.

Beckham on McCrae.

"His second issue of the campaign is to rally to his support and array against me all of those elements which are angered at me because of my position in enforcing the laws against the desecration of the Sabbath, and my efforts last winter in aiding to secure the passage of the county unit bill, which the General Assembly did pass, and which is now a law of the Commonwealth. For the last two months he and his friends have been active in organizing these forces against me, and I must admit that their work has been successful. A campaign from this quarter has been well planned, and formed for the purpose of accomplishing my defeat in order that it might be a lesson and a warning to all officials in the future against their taking the stand which I did in favor of reasonable temperance legislation, and in insisting upon the enforcement of the laws of the State in reference to Sunday closing."—Extracts from Governor Beckham's speech at Lexington, Ky., August 16, 1906, in his race against McCrae for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator.

Beckham on McCrae.

"Shame, eternal shame, upon such a man, (referring to Attorney General Hayes) and shame, too, upon my honorable opponent, Senator McCrae, who has avowedly formed a political alliance with him, and whom we have a right to presume endorses and approves the campaign of slander and falsehood conducted by that man.

"In the respect which I feel for my opponent and for the integrity and decency of his personal character, I cannot understand why his political ambition with a man who possesses no quality except that of a demagogue, and who is so far his inferior in every attribute that belongs to a man of honor and respectability."—Extract from Governor Beckham's speech at Lexington, Ky., August 16, 1906, in his race against McCrae for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator.

SUIT TO BE BROUGHT AGAINST THE HERALD

KENTUCKY'S TOBACCO CROP IN 1909

Woods Claims Articles in The Over 39 Million Dollars Worth Herald Reflected on His Character.

Richmond, Ky., October 17.—Mayor C. E. Woods, of this city, today engaged Attorneys Chenuau and Wallace to bring suit against the editors of the Hartford, Ky., Herald for the publication on September 27 of an alleged slanderous and defamatory article concerning Mr. Woods' character and political record.

The suit is the outcome of Mr. Woods' published determination to support O'Rear for Governor over his fellow townsmen, ex-Senator James B. McCreary.

The Hartford Herald's communication reflected upon Mr. Woods' character in many ways, which are contradicted by the signed statements of the Richmond Climax, Kentucky Register, Paragraph and by ex-County Judge John C. Chenuau, former owner of the Climax, all of whom are referred to in the Herald's communication.

Mr. Woods believes that "fair play" is being foregone in the desire to destroy the effect of his criticisms of Senator McCrae's record.

Mr. Woods will continue his support of O'Rear, speaking at Lebanon, his former home, Saturday next, and at Paris next week.

Cyclone Destroys Town.

Danville, Ill., October 14.—Hillsboro, Ind., a village of 880 people, in Fountain county, twelve miles from this city, was wiped from the map by a cyclone at 4 o'clock today, but not a single person was killed and only a few injured. A special train was made up and left the city at 9 o'clock.

Every telephone and telegraph wire into the city is down, and the only information is by a courier who was compelled to drive to Veedersburg in an auto and literally pick his way over fallen trees.

According to information in Danville tonight, the cyclone struck the town from the northeast and cut a path two miles wide. It went down the main street, carrying everything before it, and it is said there is not a single building in the place intact. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Reports from other sections of Indiana, in close proximity of Hillsboro and Veedersburg, indicate that considerable damage was done by the storm.

a visit to relatives near St. Louis.

Miss Mag Hunter, Ceravlo, who has been visiting relatives here is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Overhuls, at Kronos.

Mr. S. E. Hunter was a guest of his cousin, Erskine Fulkeron last Sunday at the Point.

Mrs. T. L. Withrow and children, of Central City, were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Fulkeron recently.

Miss Flora Buskill, of Moorman, was a visitor in our midst Sunday.

Mrs. Sallie Drake will visit her daughter, Mrs. Will Nickos at South Carrollton this week.

Mrs. Lon Brown is a guest of her daughter Mrs. Luther Addington who is on the sick list.

Mrs. M. P. Maddox and daughter were guests of Mrs. J. C. Hill last Friday near South Carrollton.

TOBACCO

GREATEST

Crop for Long While and Good Quality.

Some Recent Figures That Will be of Interest to Consumers.

The tobacco crop for 1911, as compared with former years, while smaller than the abnormal ones of 1909 and 1910, is the largest since 1893.

The planting conditions were bad early in the season, as the ground was hot and baked, but the rainy weather later was favorable, and brought the crop around better than the experts expected.

The improvement in the burley crop toward the end of the growing season was quite marked, and after a very poor start during July and August, the plants in practically every section came forward rapidly, bringing about what appears to be a larger yield than was estimated four months ago. A conservative estimate of the burley acreage may now be made as follows: Kentucky 142,653 acres; Indiana, 9,670 acres; Ohio, 20,766 acres; West Virginia and scattering sections 19,000 acres; total 182,089 acres. The harvested acreage in 1910 was 284,000 acres, and in 1910, 254,897 acres.

A decrease of almost 40 per cent as contrasted with last year is therefore indicated.

Reports from the various sections of the burley belt indicate that the crop has gone into the barns under the most favorable conditions, and is curing nicely. The character of the growing season, however, has made for a heavy stalk leaf of thick fiber. Computations based on the conditions prevailing at the different points indicate a total yield of white burley to 174,485,700 pounds.

Last year's production totaled 268,570,000 pounds. Thus a decrease of 33,992,300 pounds, or about 23 per cent. is indicated. Of the 1911 production Kentucky raised 134,812,700 pounds; Indiana, 10,831,000 pounds; Ohio, 18,842,000 pounds, and other sections 10,000,000 pounds.

BEAVER DAM.

Oct. 13.—Our little town can boast of one booster at least in the form of one newsy little paper, edited by T. N. Davis.

The leading crops of the State for 1909 ranked in order of valuation were: Corn, \$50,448,000; Tobacco, \$39,869,000; hay and forage, \$10,306,000; wheat \$8,821,000; potatoes \$2,724,000 and oats, \$1,218,000. From 1899 to 1909 corn increased 117,083 acres, or 3.5 per cent. Starting with 3,021,176 acres in 1879, corn fell by 1889 to 2,960,2382, rose by 1899 to 3,319,257, and again by 1909 to 3,436,340.

Hence, during the thirty-year period corn has made but slight increase.

The total yield in 1909 was 83,338,024 bushels; the average yield per acre, 24 bushels; the average value per acre \$14.70.

For the decade ending 1909, tobacco showed an increase of 84,980 acres, or 22.1 per cent. Starting with 226,129 acres in 1879, tobacco rose by 1889 to 274,587, to 334,850 by 1899, and again to 469,795 by 1900. The total yield in 1909 was 398,482,301 pounds; the average yield per acre 848 pounds; the average value per acre \$84.85.

SMALLHOUS

Messmates, W. C. Overhuls, Cedar Edge Colo., and C. O. Hunter, Hartford, Ky., were guests of relatives near here from Friday until Monday last.

Mrs. Margarette and Ethel Hunter have returned from a week's visit to friends at and near Central City.

Mr. and Mrs. Seth Hunter spent Friday at Centertown at the bedside of their niece, Miss Augusta Geiger who is quite ill at her home.

Mr. Sam Barnard, of near Madisonville was a guest of his mother, Mrs. Mary Barnard, recently.

Mrs. M. P. Maddox who has been quite sick, has about recovered.

Mrs. Robert Hunter who has been on the sick list for a few days is about well again. She will leave Saturday for a week's visit to her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Trunnell.

Mrs. Clinton Igglehart entertained Mr. and Mrs. Opie Kettinger and children, Messmates Clarence Overhuls of Cedaridge; C. O. Hunter and Misses Mary and Ethel Barnard, Hartford, Ky., for dinner Sunday.

Mrs. Garfield Barnard and daughter Venada and Berni have returned from

To My Friends.

Some unknown friend has nominated me as a candidate in the contest for the piano that is offered by Fair & Co., of Hartford. As I am engaged in teaching school near Smallhouse, it will be impossible for me to make an active canvas among my friends, and I would be grateful if they would do all they can to help me win this piano. Any assistance will be greatly appreciated.

CORA L. THOMASSON.

Best He Ever Saw.

The following letter was received by the Junior Editor from Prof. A. D. Kirk, a Ohio county boy, who holds a splendid position in a high school in Louisiana:

Marksville, La., Oct. 12, 1911.
Dear Friend:

The Industrial edition got misplaced some way, and has just reached my hands. It certainly is a "hummer," old boy. It is simply the best thing I have ever seen in that line.

You're coming down the pike in fine style in every way. Keep it up. I'll never see the day I am not a thorough Kentuckian and a full blooded Ohio Countian, and I like every good thing pertaining to the County and State. You are doing fine with The Republican, and am mighty glad to see you doing so. I am,

Very truly yours,

A. D. KIRK.

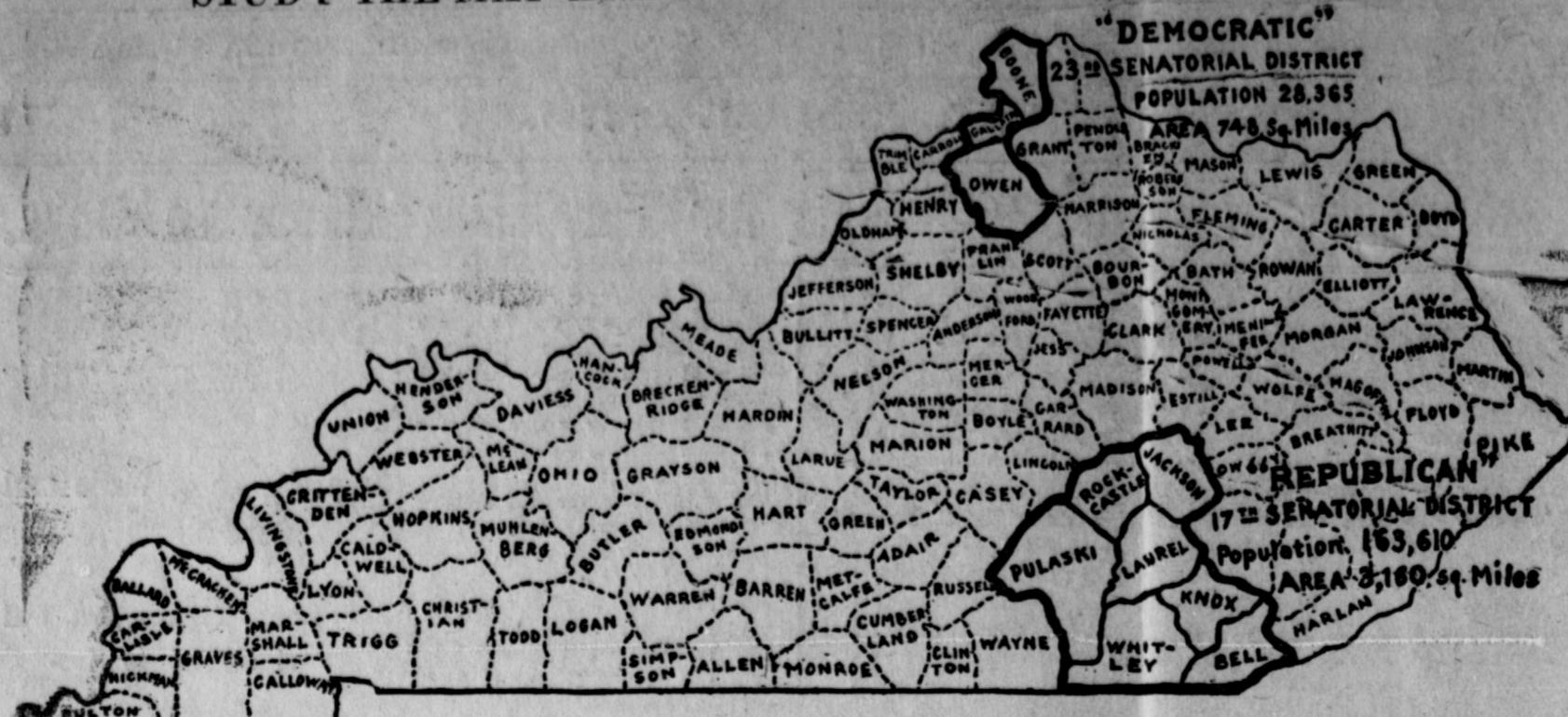
Mules Crushed.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 14.—A pair of mules belonging to Vaughn Bros., of this city, who are building a spike to LaFayette, were crushed to death yesterday when a bin of crushed stone collapsed just as the mules were driven under it. The colonel driver heard the timbers cracking and jumped to safety. The wagon was mashed into kindling wood

DO YOU KNOW

One-Seventh, 336,000, of the Population of Kentucky Is Disfranchised and Not Represented in State Legislature?

STUDY THE MAP AND READ THE EXPLANATION BELOW



The above map shows two Senatorial districts in Kentucky, one being the smallest in point of population and Democratic, while the other shows the largest in point of population and Republican in politics. One State Senator is allowed the Democrats for 28,365 population, while one State Senator is allowed the Republicans in the mountains for 163,610 population, 1910 census. In other words it takes about five and six-sevenths Republicans to equal one Democrat, or 336,000 citizens are disfranchised in the Seventeenth Senatorial district alone. But this is only one illustration of the most outrageous gerrymandering that was ever practiced in any State in the Union. Take the Thirty-third Senatorial district, which is in the mountains and Republican and composed of ten counties—Clay, Floyd, Johnson, Knott, Leslie, Letcher, Harlan, Martin, Perry and Pike, with a population of 145,075. Its area is 3,982 square miles. Compare it with the Twenty-third Democratic district shown on the map.

Then turn your attention to the Representative districts. Here the gerrymandering was even more unprincipled. Hancock county is the Twenty-ninth Representative district with a population of only 8,512 and an area of 195 square miles. It has one Representative in the State Legislature. On the other hand, the Republican Ninety-third district in the mountains, composed of Bell, Harlan, Leslie and Perry counties, has a population of 53,244 and an area of 3,571 square miles, with one Representative.

Taking all the Senatorial and Representative districts, it was shown by a decision of the Court of Appeals that 336,000, or one-seventh, of the population of Kentucky is disfranchised. It was to right such a flagrant wrong as this that Judge O'Rear declared he would keep the Legislature in session for two years if necessary. Remembering the blood of our forefathers from Lexington to Yorktown, would the enfranchisement of 336,000 citizens be expensive at such a cost? IS IT ANY WONDER, IN VIEW OF THESE FACTS, THAT BECKHAM, HALY & CO. HAVE ISSUED ORDERS TO JAMES, MCREEARY, McDERMOTT, ET AL., TO BEAT THE TOM-TOM OF NATIONAL ISSUES AND AVOID RELIGIOUSLY ANY DISCUSSION OF STATE ISSUES!

J. W. LYTHE PRAISES US

Industrial Edition Recalls Old Days.

Dream of Things and Extend Road Building—Ohio Co. has the Manhood and Energy.

Pecos, Texas, Oct. 2, 1911.
Editor Hartford Republican,
Hartford, Ky.

Gentlemen:—Through your Mayor George H. Williams, I am in receipt of the industrial Edition of the Hartford Republican, and I have read it with interest. The very spirit and manner of its execution carry me back to the time when most of the leading business and professional men were mere boys and young men just entering school; when such men as the Hon. H. D. McHenry; E. Dudley Walker; Dr. John E. Pendleton; Judge Gregory; Judge Hubbard; Z. Wayne Griffin and Brothers; Uncle James Thomas; the Hardwick brothers; Judges Baird; Lounsbury Morton; Rev. Gabe Bean; Mr. Pass Ross; and many others of the pioneers whose interesting lives dated back to the very earliest days of the settlement of the grand old Commonwealth of Kentucky; when the old chain of forts were in existence from Virginia to New Orleans, one at Hartford and another at Vincennes, now Calhoun on Green river—these men composed the early settlers and the best families of Hartford, and many of them helped in building up the State and figured prominently in National politics, and gave to your town and county the prestige and heritage you now enjoy.

When I first entered Hartford, the late Dr. Wayland Alexander was at the head of your schools, assisted by Prof. McHenry Rhoades; Dr. Robt. Barnes; Hon. Ben D. Ringo and others who are to-day making history in the professional and business world. These men backed by the influence and beauty co-operation of Hartford's splendid citizenship, layed the foundation upon which you are so ably building today. The society of the town was controlled by the standard set by the teachers and students of the college, thus converting the whole community into one grand educational institution. Among the young men were Hon. John J. McHenry, banker, lawyer and civil engineer; Lam Gibson, F. L. Felix, Dr. Pendleton and brother Charlie, Harry Taylor, Dr. A. B. Baird, and many others whose names I do not now recall, and who have gone out in various lines of activity and success. But we have not mentioned the highest and noblest influence of Hartford, and that is the mothers of many who are now in business and the wives of your leading men of today. Many of them I know as members of the classes which I had the pleasure of teaching, and I can realize the secret of your success even better than you dream, for these less than 4 per cent.

women never shirked a duty it mattered not how difficult it seemed. The were the literary lights of the young ladies societies and social circles, women of high ideals, and their influences now being manifest in the splendid twentieth century progress of your own and country. And just here I note with pleasure that you are still keeping up your literary culture in the maintenance of the Lytle Library. This is especially gratifying to me, since I had the honor of drafting the first set of resolutions and submitting them to the Ad Aphiens and R. E. Cs.—the two literary societies of Hartford College—who with the assistance of the Faculty, gave

entertainments and established this splendid adjunct to your College. I would be pleased to have a report from your Librarian, showing the growth of your Library since my leaving my connection with your institution. As many of you know, I have been busily engaged in the hurry and strife of the "business world," and I have drifted with the march of civilization into the great Southwestern Country, where all is push and development. Where North, East, South and West, enter and combine their united efforts in the development of our great empire of itself, an empire which only a little while ago hill lands as well, and thus overcome the extremes of drouth and extreme rainfalls.

You have already accomplished two dreams of the past—your railroads and the pike to Beaver Dam. Now extend your road building. You have the stone, You have the clay for road-beds. You are developing your coal mines, now offer inducements for more people by bringing in more industries, and making accessible your great natural wealth.

You have the young manhood and energy, and no doubt, you are already setting about to accomplish even more than these things, and may success crown your every effort.

J. W. LYTHE.

About Our Industrial.

The following are some of the notices that have appeared in several of our exchanges, in regard to the mammoth Industrial Edition, and they are duly appreciated by the publishers of this paper.

CREDIT TO THIS PUBLICATION.

The 30-page Industrial Edition of the Hartford Republican is a credit to the enterprise of that worthy journal and a splendid illustration of Ohio county's progress.—Mt. Sterling Gazette.

CONTAINED PICTURE OF DOCTOR DUFF.

A recent industrial edition of the Hartford Republican contains a handsome picture and complimentary notice of Dr. James Duff, who attended the H. C. I. for four years. He is a brother of Tom Duff, of this place.—Elizabethown News.

SHOWS ENTERPRISES OF HARTFORD.

The Hartford Republican issued a handsome 30 page industrial edition last week which was a beauty and shows the up-to-dateness of the various enterprises of Hartford and Ohio county as well as the splendid equipment of the Republican office.—Leitchfield Gazette.

CREDIT TO THE EDITORS.

The Mirror is in receipt of a special, or trades edition of the Hartford Republican which is a decided credit to its editors, Hartford and Ohio county. The publication is an illustrated industrial and historical edition, giving an excellent description of the business houses, manufacturers, schools and churches, and a general write-up of the county and city officials, business men, teachers ministers etc. The composition, the mechanical make-up and the illustrations are beyond the reach of the generality of county papers.—Elizabethown Mirror.

ALL DONE IN OWN OFFICE.

The last week's issue of The Hart-

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

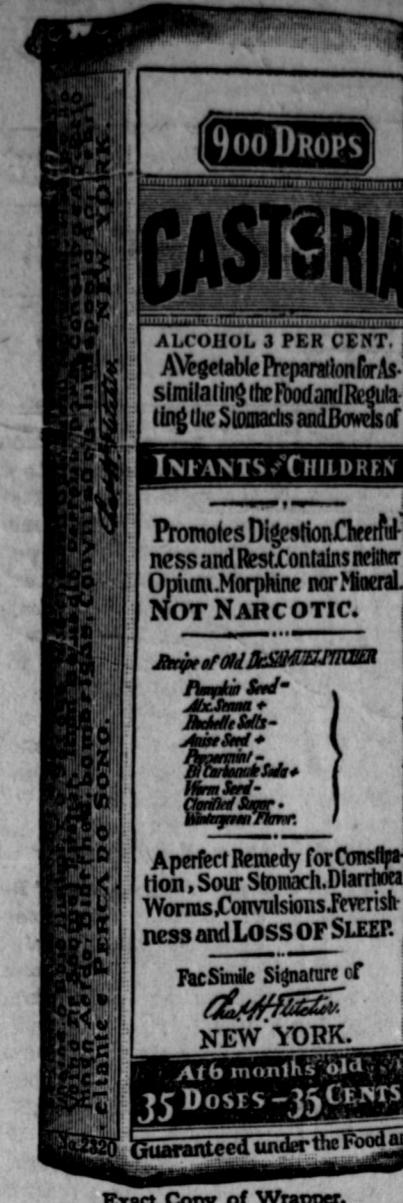
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of

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In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years

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THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN

Phone No. 22

HARTFORD, KY.

for (Ky.) Republican contained thirty-eight pages—thirty besides the regular eight pages—and was a fine presentation of the industries of Ohio county, in which it is published. The most remarkable thing about it is that the work was all done in the Republican office, a big undertaking for a country print shop.—Rockport, Ind., Journal.

WHAT LOCAL CONTEMPORARY

SAYS.

Our neighbor, the Hartford Republican, issued a handsome illustrated industrial edition last week, which was quite a credit to the fortunate in having so good a paper shop and the county. The work as the Republican.—Hancock Charlton.

was mainly in charge of Mr. James M. Ross, who did all the soliciting and writing and supervised the special issue.—Hartford Herald.

HARTFORD IS FORTUNATE

The 30-page Industrial Edition of the Hartford Republican on last Saturday was a hummer, and reflects great credit on the owners of that good publication. It was filled with excellent illustrations and write-ups of the county that will remain a standing advertisement long after the edition is forgotten. Hartford is

with excellent illustrations and write-ups of the county that will remain a standing advertisement long after the edition is forgotten. Hartford is

FARM TOPICS.

The Orange orange can be made a valuable tree for posts if planted in a thick grove. Plant 4x4 feet and cultivate until the trees take the ground and shade out the lower branches. Then use for post timber. They are better, we think, than genuine cedar.

The honey locust is a tree that has become disliked because it has been improperly used in hedges. It should be planted in selected forms as a shade tree, and the foliage will fit in light enough. The tree is fine in expression, leaf and limb, almost like a fern.

A little whitewash on the trunks of the shade trees will make the trees look attractive and give the place an appearance of refinement. The lime in the whitewash will be repulsive to bark beetles and borers for a while.

COST OF HAULING WHEAT.

"The United States spends \$1,000,000 a day on its roads, and most of the money is literally sunk in the sand," says Logan Walker Page, director of the Office of Public Roads at Washington. The farmer is the man who needs good roads, declares Mr. Page, and the man for whose benefit the government is striving to perfect simple but effective methods of keeping country roads in condition.

The cost of hauling a load of wheat from the farm to the shipping point is often more than the cost of transporting that wheat from the shipping point to Liverpool. Mr. Page declares efficiency of the farm team can be increased anywhere from 20 to 50 per cent, if the road repair and road building work in the country is properly done.

Between \$500,000,000 would be saved annually in the United States if every state would improve its main highways to the highest point of efficiency, is one of the striking statements made by Mr. Page.

The improvement of the road increases the efficiency of the farmer's transportation method, opens up new country for local trade, widens the farmer's horizon, brings general prosperity to the local communities, and automatically raises the price of land, he adds.

CHANGING FARM SYSTEMS.

In replanting a farm it is essential that a few fundamental points in farming be kept constantly in mind.

(1) The plan should provide a reasonable reward for the labor and capital invested. (2) The fertility of the farm should be maintained or increased. (3) The plan must be suited to the capabilities of the owner for carrying it out.

Changes in the farm system are often deferred because of lack of knowledge of how to replan the farm or because of lack of funds in carrying out new plans, or because new fences, buildings or equipment are called for in the new plan, and because a change frequently requires a readjustment of many of the usual ways of thinking and doing.

In replanning the farm, help may be obtained from visits to successful farms, from farm literature, agricultural papers, the state experiment stations, the agricultural colleges, the United States Department of Agriculture and from agricultural experts.

Profitable farming results from good farm plans comprehending every feature of the farm carefully co-ordinated and effectually carried out. A good farm plan provides for a reasonable reward for the capital and labor invested and the maintenance or increase of soil fertility, and it must be within the comprehension and ability of the owner to carry out. Successful replanning rests on a comprehensive knowledge of agriculture gained by experience and by familiarity with what is being accomplished by others along agricultural lines, either as observed by personal visits or as recorded in the literature of agriculture.

Farmers' Bulletin 370, United States Department of Agriculture, which can be had upon application to the United States secretary of agriculture, Washington, D. C., more fully explains how to replan the old farm and make it more profitable.

LIME AND MANURE.

Lime can not take the place of fertilizer, nor can fertilizer take the place of lime. Lime with manure will increase the yield and the use of lime without manure may decrease it.

Any land which, when sown to clover and timothy produces in their stead chiefly redtop and sorrel, will be benefited by use of lime. Apply anywhere from 1,000 to 4,000 pounds or from 15 to 50 bushels. The chief thing is to get finely divided lime into the soil.

RESULTS OF FERTILIZING.

As a result of fertilizers, the Pennsylvania experiment station weighed twenty-four tons of well-cured hay

from 5 to 33 acres. The previous year contained portions of this same area yielded at the rate of five tons of hay per acre. The same year the station had two fields of timothy and clover; from one field of nine acres forty-two loads of hay were obtained; from another field of exactly the same size eight loads were obtained from twenty acres.

A MIXTURE FOR HOGS.

A Minnesota breeder told his country institute that he always found it profitable to keep the following mixture in a dry place, where his hogs could always help themselves: One wagon load of coal ash, 100 pounds copperas, 1 barrel of lime. A barrel of salt, 50 pounds sulphur, 20 pounds charcoal and soft coal might help.

The best plaster. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Liniment and bound over the affected parts is superior to a plaster and costs only one tenth as much. For sale by all druggists.

WHITEVILLE.

Oct. 3.—Joe Compton, wife and daughter, Jesse were up from Phillipsburg, Sunday, in his new Ames "40" automobile.

Mrs. Annie Brooks, of Newmon, arrived yesterday for a few days visit to relatives.

Will Stinnett is from Tennessee for a while.

Bonnie Evans and wife, Owensboro, are visiting his sisters, Mrs. Sam Neal and Miss Dora Evans.

Lonnie McCarty went to Hartford Sunday, returning yesterday.

Ray Bristow left last Thursday for Marion, Ky., where he has accepted a position under C. L. Obincian who once had the care of this exchange.

Dr. D. Haynes will soon move to Owensboro where he has purchased property.

W. E. Davis, funeral director, Owensboro, was in town on business last Thursday.

Loretta Hays, Owensboro, is the guest of Miss Carrie and Lucy McCarty.

Boyd Greer, the eight year-old son of W. T. Greer inflicted a very painful wound on his left foot by jumping on a piece of glass as he was returning home from school on last Wednesday.

Terrible Picture of Suffering.

Clinton, Ky.—Mrs. M. C. McElroy, in a letter from Clinton, writes: "For six years, I was a sufferer from female troubles. I could not eat, and could not stand on my feet, without suffering great pain. I had lost hope. After using Cardui a week, I began to improve. Now I feel better than in six years." Fifty years of success in actual practice, is positive proof, furnished by those who have tried it, that Cardui can always be relied on for relieving female weakness and disease. Try Cardui, to-day now!

A-4

Mary's Skirt.

Mary had a little skirt, Which was so tight it really hurt. She minded along the crowded street With two-inch steps, a vision sweet. Her movements were so very slow It almost seemed she didn't go. Her costume was exceedingly warm, 'Twas but a matter of pure form. She couldn't catch a trolley car, Could Mary, plump and chubby. She couldn't catch an omnibus, But still she caught a hubby.

Never out of Work.

The busier little things ever made are Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar coated globule of health that changes weakness into strength, languor into energy, brain-fag into mental power; curing Constipation, Headache, Chills, Dyspepsia, Malaria. Only 25¢ at all druggists.

Lame back is one of the most common forms of muscular rheumatism. A few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment will give relief. For sale by all druggists.

Cheap Clubbing Rates.

We have made an arrangement with the publishers of the Inland Farmer, of Louisville, whereby we are enabled to furnish The Hartford Republican and that paper one year for \$1.50. The Inland Farmer is a weekly journal and one of the best farm papers published in the United States. Our readers should take advantage of this offer.

ff

Mrs. Cook Tells Truth.

Dexter, Ky.—In a signed statement Mrs. Cook tells the truth about how Cardui brought back her health and strength. She says, "I could not get any relief, until I tried Cardui, the Woman's tonic. I suffered more or less for 10 years, and was so weak and nervous I could hardly do my house work. Now I am in better health than even before, am regular as clock work, do not suffer at all, and gain strength every day." Thousands of women have been helped back to health by Cardui. Try it. A-3

HON. ED. P. MORROW

Will Address the Voters of Ohio County at

CROMWELL,
7 P. M. Friday,

OCT. 27

HARTFORD, OCT. 28
1 P. M. Saturday, MCHENRY,
7 P. M. Saturday,

OCT. 28

Every voter who can possibly do so, is urged to hear this silver tongued orator discuss the issues which are of vital importance to every man, woman and child within the State. Judge Morrow is a son of Judge Z. T. Morrow, a nephew of Senator Bradley and as great an orator as either of his distinguished kinsmen. All who attend will surely be well re-paid for their trouble.

W. S. TINSLEY, Ch'm'n.
J. NEY FOSTER, Sec.

At Macaulay's Theatre.

A sensation followed the announcement that Paul Wilstach, author of "The Life of Richard Mansfield," and associated with the famous actor for eight years during his tours of America, had written a drama based on "Thias," which will be seen for the first time in Louisville at the Macaulay Theatre, week of October 16th, under the management of Jos. M. Gaites, with Miss Constance Collier in the name part.

Mr. Wilstach has closely followed the scenes as they appear in the novel Anatole France, one of the greatest of living literary workers, is the author of the novel, which became the basis for the opera by Jules E. Massenet, which achieved such popularity in this country when sung by Miss Mary Garden.

The book is a magnificent piece of literature, and the opera has many things to relieve it of harsh criticism and much that is truly beautiful.

Many thought the dramatization of the beautiful opera would be a thankless one, but Mr. Wilstach is a daring chap and Mr. Gaites is what is known as "game," so the production went forward and the outcome is well known for after the first performance "Thias" was a distinct dramatic triumph.

Few operas have been dramatized. Mesimeo wrote "Carmen" in 1845, but it was fifty years before any one undertook a dramatization of the name part.

Mr. Nethersole commissioned Henry Hamilton, a British writer, to make such a version for her use, and as all the world knows to-day, it proved as one of the most successful plays ever written by a modern author. Miss Nethersole, alone, has played it over 1500 times, and was the first actress to appear in the part in Paris, although it was 62 years after the novel was written, and it has been one of lost his soul, she suddenly awakens

the most popular works in the entire repertory of French operas.

It may have been a recollection of this episode that stoned Mr. Wilstach to action with "Thias."

As a usual thing however, it is not counted a good business risk of dramatizing themes that are familiar with a musical accompaniment. But Mr. Gaites made arrangements with Massenet for the use of his score for entr'acte music, so this letter is an important feature of the dramatic "Thias."

"Thias" is a story showing the agonies of the ancient Theban desert. The piece takes its name from a beautiful creature, as sinful as she is beautiful. There comes to her a hermit who seeks to convert her from her wicked life. He preaches and prays and endures the temptations that beset Paris. Finally he yields, but when he has come thoroughly under the influence of "Thias," and has to the new life, has heard his teach-

ings and pleadings and goes to the "White Sisters" on the African shores of the Mediterranean.

Mr. Gaites in addition to Miss Collier, has engaged Tyrone Power to appear in the part of the hermit. And Julian L'Estrange to play the part of Nicolas the favorite lover.

"Thias" is produced with a wonderfully beautiful scenic investigation and will be the treat of the theatrical season. Matinees will be given on Wednesday and Saturday.

Mail orders will receive prompt attention. If they contain certified checks, postal or express orders, payable to Theatre. If parties desire tickets mailed, self-addressed envelope must accompany order, thus avoiding possibility of error. Special attention will be given to all out-of-town orders. Special round trip excursion rates will be given on all railroads. For information regarding fares and schedules of trains consult local ticket agent.

Hartford Republican.

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C. M. BARNETT, J. NEY FOSTER
EDITORS
RAMEY E. DUKE, J. NEY FOSTER
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland..... 40.
Mouth River..... 22.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Governor,
EDWARD C. O'REAR,
of Mt. Sterling.
For Lieutenant Governor,
L. L. BRISTOW,
of Georgetown.
For Attorney General,
THOS. B. McGREGOR,
of Benton.
For Auditor,
LEONARD W. BETTERUM,
of Mt. Vernon.
For Treasurer,
HERMAN F. MONROE,
of Louisville.
For Secretary of State,
A. J. OLIVER,
of Scottsville.
For Commissioner of Agriculture,
D. W. CLARK,
of Barboursville.
For Superintendent of Public
Instruction,
T. W. VINSON,
of Princeton.
For Clerk Court of Appeals,
C. S. WILSON,
of Williamsburg.
For Senator,
C. HOLMAN,
of Morgantown.
For Representative Ohio County,
J. A. LEACH,
of Beaver Dam.

"O'Rear is an anarchist"—A. O. Stanley.

Had you noticed it? The Hartford Herald has another "grouch."

A. O. Stanley is a fine man to denounce Judge O'Rear as an "anarchist."

Read what Governor Beckham said about candidate McCready five years ago. He is no better now.

The American Tobacco Co. is fighting O'Rear. Will the tobacco growers aid in his destruction?

When you are criticising a person why not use a little judgment and ask yourself what you would do under the circumstances.

In his speech at the court house Thursday night A. O. Stanley said that Judge O'Rear was an anarchist. The people will show Owsley how much of his stuff they believe on Tuesday Nov. 7.

Stanley and Rhea are a nice pair to send over the State to denounce O'Rear for insincerity on the liquor question. No body can change them however, with being on the fence where liquor is concerned.

All four of the Democratic speakers at Hartford last week abused the Republican party for everything imaginable, but the amusing part about the whole business was that they never offered a single thing better.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Frankfort New Era, published at Frankfort by K. D. C. Watson. It recently embarked in the journalistic field and is well edited and should meet with success in the Capitol City.

In the opinions of the Hartford Herald a person who does not have the same convictions as the Herald they are absolutely no good and "despicable." It apparently never realizes that everyone has a right to his own opinions and beliefs.

The report as given in The Republican of the Democratic speaking has been called "scurrilous and contemptible" by the Herald. Just as we expected, we knew it would never please the Herald, and it need have no fear of us trying to please them.

At the beginning of the campaign the Democratic papers united in saying that we had two candidates for Governor who were above approach. What has caused such a change in the spirit of their dream? Now, O'Rear is insincere and a demagogue and murderer, so they say.

It was A. O. Stanley who dramatically announced the vote of Henderson county in the Democratic State convention "for Watterson" and again the county unit plank offered by Gov. Beckham. No doubt his speech

here last week appealed strongly (?) to the dry people of Ohio county.

The Herald was kind enough this week to inform The Republican of the whereabouts of "Fair Play" who did some of their political writing a few weeks ago. Well, that is all right but remember, Hartford Herald, that you had to ask a member of The Republican force where Mr. Ross was now located.

When McCready was Governor of Kentucky, from 1875 to '79, he issued pardons to 336 persons for giving or furnishing liquor to minors. Do temperance people want him for another four years? From this it looks like Gov. Beckham was right when he charged five years ago that "every saloon in Kentucky was a McCready Headquarters."

Over in Logan county where the Reas control the election board, the Republicans were denied any votes in the selections of election officer. In one precinct a Republican was selected over a protest of the Republican member of the Board, who is openly opposed to O'Rear and who as a buyer of the American Tobacco Co. The Republicans have been compelled to resort to the courts to obtain their rights in that Rhee ridden country.

There is one Democrat in Hartford who was man enough to come to us early last Friday morning and tell us that we had a good paper that week, and he added, of course, that it was all right from our standpoint. He is a man that gives every person a right to their own opinions, and does not fall out with his neighbor because they do not both agree in politics or religion. We will tell anyone his name that cares to know.

Mr. Rhea said in his speech here last week that he was entitled to criticize Judge O'Rear as he himself was a Methodist. We are reliably informed that John Rhea has not been inside the Methodist church at Russellville in 10 years and that he does not belong to any Church. He is a nice chap to criticize the religion of a Methodist who occupies the high position in his church which Judge O'Rear has attained.

The Booster, a three column journal issued at Beaver Dam last week by T. N. Davis, says:

"Did we hear you say that two beasts trying to devour each other presented a vicious spectacle? Well, how about the snarling that is going on between the Hartford Herald and The Republican."

Never mind, Brother, by the time you are in the newspaper business a few years and get a cussing every day you will get used to all that.

Five years ago Governor Beckham said of Mr. McCready: "HIS SECOND ISSUE OF THE CAMPAIGN IS TO RALLY TO HIS SUPPORT AND ARRAY AGAINST ME ALL OF THOSE ELEMENTS WHICH ARE ANGERED AT ME BECAUSE OF MY POSITION IN ENFORCING THE LAWS AGAINST THE DESECRATION OF THE SABBATH, AND MY EFFORTS LAST WINTER IN AIDING TO SECURE THE PASSAGE OF THE COUNTY UNIT BILL." This is the same McCready who is now running for Governor on the Democratic ticket.

O'Rear must be a large thorn in the side of the Democracy and the Tobacco Trust. They all jump on O'Rear. Notice the press reports of the Democratic orators and it is one continuous story. "He criticizes O'Rear." "He denounced O'Rear for his insincerity." "He skinned O'Rear," etc. In the meantime, Judge O'Rear is making the most remarkable canvass ever known in Kentucky and in a few other states. Telling the plain truth to the people without abuse or vituperation against any one. Will the people turn against such a man?

In his speech here last week Congressman Ben Johnson criticised the Republican State Board of Equalization for having raised the assessed valuation of property in Kentucky. Of course, he did not tell the Ohio County voters that a few years a Democratic State Board of Equalization made the highest raise ever made upon Ohio County property. He also failed to tell his hearers that Judge O'Rear has announced himself in favor of the repeal of the law creating this State Board of Equalization and that it was created by a Democratic Legislature.

We understand that a great many Democrats are awfully angry at The Republican about its report of the barbecue and in fact just because it does not sit quietly by and say that what the Democrats are doing is just the thing. We expected that a lot of the extremely partisan Democrats would not like it, but look here, why are you not man enough to come face to face to us and tell us so? Why do you run around to our back and say all kinds of mean things, but you do not dare to come to us. You can

depend on this, when we want to say a mean thing about you we are going to have the courage to go to you and say it that we would not talk at your back.

It was a Democratic legislature which sought to deprive Ohio county of her voice in legislation at Frankfort by taking us on to Butler and Edmonson. Thus creating a district with 60,000 population, more than a hundred miles long, while Madison and Meade Counties were each left with a Representative. This infamous gerrymander was set aside by the courts. The coming Legislature will again redistrict the State. Will you vote with this party which sought to disfranchise you? Not only were Republicans disfranchised but every Democrat in Ohio county was deprived of a voice in the House of Representatives by their act, and but for the fact that some Republicans brought suit to set it aside they would still be deprived of a voice in that body.

Before Judge O'Rear opened his campaign for Governor at Elizabethtown, he addressed a letter to every Democratic and Republican newspaper in Kentucky requesting that they co-operate with him in making the contest one noted for its freedom from profound abuse, devoted to a clean discussion of the issues involved. In response to this polite suggestion to the opposition, no man who ever ran for office in the State has met such a torrent of personal abuse. Even his religion has been assaulted. He has been repeatedly called "St. Edward" by both Democratic speakers and press. He has been accused of drinking liquor, when he is a teetotaler. It has even been intimated that he might have been instrumental in bringing about the death of Goebel. All discussion of the issues raised by O'Rear have been thrust aside in an effort to destroy the only man who dares denounce the enemies of the common people. If they can blacken his name and reputation with foul lies and fool the people it is all the same to them. Will the voter in the common walks of life help them crucify his friend?

MCREADY STOOPS LOW.

Senator McCready, the Democratic candidate for Governor, has gotten himself into a most deplorable situation and one which should compel him to withdraw from the race for Governor. One day last week he charged that Judge O'Rear had attended a meeting of citizens at the Galt House in January, 1900, almost twelve years ago, and had made a speech in which he favored the use of force and violence in the contests which had been inaugurated by William Goebel to turn Governor Taylor out of office. Mr. McCready said that he would furnish proof if his accusation was denied, and dared Judge O'Rear to deny it. At the first opportunity, which was at Scottsville, Allen County, on the Monday following McCready's accusation, which was made on Saturday, Judge O'Rear denounced it as a LIE, PURE and SIMPLE. That has been almost two weeks ago and Senator McCready has not yet furnished the proof but is not asking Judge O'Rear to furnish proof of his own innocence. This is the most ridiculous as well as the most damnable attitude in which any public man ever found himself placed. McCready's idea is that Judge O'Rear should prove his innocence of the charge which he (McCready) has made on merit rumor. Having called upon Judge Alex Humphrey to confirm his accusation and Judge Humphrey having declined to be drawn into controversy, Mr. McCready in effect has called upon Judge O'Rear to hunt up some proof against himself. The man who would stoop so low as to make an accusation against his opponent, without any proof whatever in his possession, and fail to furnish any, is unworthy of the support of any man.

Eyes Front, Forward March Kentucky.
(Louisville Herald.)
The sound of the marching of many feet echoes throughout the land. Round banners of progress toss their crimson and gold in the breeze. In the name of a greater liberty, a larger democracy and a better humanity, the host is advancing.

From historic old Massachusetts in the East, where the Republic was cradled, to the later born but nonetheless glorious California in the far West, the call is heard, and the response comes from a multitude of men and women who have caught the big vision of a free, contented and populous people.

New Jersey, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Oregon—these are among the splendid States that are enlisting in the new movement, which means the overthrow of political bosses and corporate domination, the emancipation of the popular government from the predatory and the exploiter.

The grand old slogan of the Re-

public, "Government of the people, by the people and for the people," is to be rescued by this new crusade from the impotent desitude into which it has fallen and made a living actuality—still an ideal, but an ideal in the process of progressive realization.

What is to be Kentucky's relation to this great movement? Shall the Commonwealth we love join hands with her sister States and give to them her help in the regeneration of the Nation's politics, or shall it continue to be numbered among the reactionaries? shall we shake ourselves free from the bondage of blind partisanship, breaking the shackles that have been forged upon our wrists by the politicians and their privilege-seeking allies? Or shall we cling to our chains, taking no part in the great work that is being done, having no honorable share in the betterment of our institutions and the prospering of the people's cause?

It is a choice between these courses that is being made today throughout the State, as the voters align themselves behind this or that leader. The vote that will be cast in November means vastly more than a victory for Republicans or Democrats; the party element in it is of least importance. The big issue is, whether Kentucky will go forward or retreat.

Let us look at the attitude of the men who are bidding for leadership.

James B. McCready, the amiable reminiscence of a passing generation is eager to be your champion.

What does he offer you? Out of his roles of the past he brings forth this and that, well worn with constant use too often redolent of forgotten prejudices and strife. He has a platform that furnishes at least an excuse for progressive utterance, poor as it may be, but he will not use it.

He asks you to choose him, not because he promises that tomorrow he will lead you into bigger and broader and better things, but because ten, or twenty, or thirty, or even forty years ago such and so took place. He makes no appeal to your reason; he urges upon you no incentive to go forward; but he would stir slumbering passions and awaken bitterness that belongs to the days of Kentucky's strife and shame. His call to you is made, not in the name of citizenship, but of party; not for the sake of progress, but that prejudice may be revived and perpetuated. He does not seek to open your eyes to the wrongs of today and point you to the way of remedy. Instead, he would blind them by the blood-mist of yesterday and quicken the cursed spirit of revenge for a crime that the whole State has long since repented in sack-cloth and ashes. He makes no answer to the ringing challenge of his opponent on the ground of reason; but he attacks his character and reputation, using the blunted weapons of the vicious, old-time politics by which Kentucky has been made a by-word among civilized communities.

James B. McCready's face is toward the past. He is living in the era in which he was reared and nurtured. He must not be judged too harshly. Rather let the blame be on that clique of politicians which foolish him upon the great State and a great part. It is too much to ask that a man whose career is almost at its end, whose course is well-nigh run, should divorce himself from the habits of thought that have been ingrained through seventy years of life, and see with clear vision the new opportunities, the new issues, the insistent demands of a tomorrow in which Nature forbids that he should play an active part.

But truly amazing is the attitude of younger men who support him. His chief lieutenant, E. J. McDermott, the man who should Kentucky respond to this stirring of its passion and its prejudice, may, in the order of things, become its leader, offers no better promise. He tells us the new ideals are dreams that cannot be realized; he discounts his own platform; he shuffles and dodges on great issues; he gives vent to rhetoric in partisan plka that never rises above the level of the little politician, more concerned for the label on a ticket than the life of the people.

And then, with a party blindness that astounds, he dares to tell the people his party will disown its platform, betray the principles it professes and refuse to do their bidding should it elect a Republican Governor. McDermott has confessed the insincerity of Democracy. He has used his party's shame as a threat. He says, in effect:

"We have promised to take the penal institutions out of politics; we have promised a direct primary system; we have promised war on the corrupt lobby; we have promised legislation for honest elections; but if you elect O'Rear we will not give you these things. He may urge them with all earnestness, but should Democrats control the Legislature we will not grant them. We have professed these convictions not for the sake of

A Gathering of Beautiful Fall Fashions Await Your Approval

If you, yourself, had selected the dainty PRINTZESS styles that we are showing in our garment, you should be enthusiastic about them as we are.

A glimpse of the soft, beautiful wools from which they are tailored—in all of the charming color tones of Fall—such as walnut brown, possum gray, empire green, guelph blue and tussah tan, would convince even you that there was a Fashion display—and you can. We'll be glad to welcome and show you all of the really new and clever conceits of Fashion-dom.

Below we have described a number of beautiful models. Read the descriptions or, better still, visit our Garment Department and try the actual garments.

LOT NO. 1

A suit for service, made in the latest styles and strictly tailored. It is made of unfinished Cheviot and lined with Messaline Silk, comes in black and blue.

Price \$16.50

LOT NO. 2

A Suit for most important functions, made in the latest accepted style and strictly tailored. It is made of Hard Finished Serge, comes in black, blue and tan. The Jacket is 28 inches long, lined with Messaline Silk, and has a Velvet Collar. The Skirt is one of the new High Waist Panel Front Design. Price..... \$20.50

Carson & Co.,
INCORPORATED
Hartford, Kentucky.

NEWS

HAVE YOU SEEN BIG BEN ???

He is the "daddy" of them all. He is not an alarm clock, but a sleep-meter that tells you in a gentle persuasive way when to arise. BIG BEN in the house; no more missed breakfasts or getting to work late. He is always on the job. Fully guaranteed. See our show window and call and let us show you how he works.

J. B. TAPPAN,
Jeweler and Optician,
HARTFORD, - - KENTUCKY.

Kentucky, but for the sake of office. These are the leaders Democracy asks you to follow. By their own words they stand condemned as unfit to lead a great State forward. They neither know the way, nor are they to be trusted. Follow them if you will, but it will be backward into the old rut, the old confusion and the old curses of boodson, corporation rule and lobby exploitation.

But the Republican party offers you a leader with a real message of hope for tomorrow. He has pledged himself to your service; if you let him he will be the executive of the people's will, knowing no voice of authority but yours. He promises that he will fight for the things that his platform approves. Even though you handicap him with a Legislature of opponents, he declares he will not surrender your cause, he will not quit, he will not say, "I am helpless." He believes he can win your battle against odds, because he believes in you.

The face of O'Rear is toward the future. The face of McCready is toward the past. As a man faces, so will he lead.

Is Kentucky to join the marching ranks of progress?

O'Rear points the way.

Eyes front; forward, march, Kentucky!

Just a Word, Please!



We want just a little of your time to tell you about our

New Coat Suits and Cloaks

They are now in our house on display.

McCall Pattern No. 4281
Price, 15 cents
A SMART FALL MODEL

A prettier line of the newest Creations was never shown in Hartford. We want to show you, and you will greatly accomodate us by calling, whether you are ready to buy or not. Already our sales have been phenomenal, and it's no wonder to us, for our prices and styles are irresistible. Call and see us for any Fall Wear, and always bear in mind that It Pays to Trade With a House that Saves You Money.

Piano Coupons Given With Every Purchase

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20.

Illinois Central Railroad—Time Table.
At Beaver Dam Ky.

North Bound.
No. 122 due 10 a.m.
No. 122 due 12:28 p.m.
No. 122 due 2:48 p.m.

South Bound.
No. 121 due 11:35 a.m.
No. 101 due 2:48 p.m.
No. 131 due 8:45 p.m.

M. H. & E. Railroad Time Table at Hartford, Ky.

L. & N. time card effective Monday Aug. 21st.
No. 112 North Bound due 7:19 a.m. daily except Sunday.
No. 114 North Bound due 3:40 p.m. daily except Sunday.
No. 115 South Bound due 8:45 a.m. daily except Sunday.
No. 113 South Bound due 1:46 p.m. daily except Sunday.

H. E. MISCHKE Agt.

All kinds of printing done at The Republican office.

Mrs. John W. Ford, of route 4, is ill with typhoid fever.

Jumbo pickles, they are fine.

14tf W. H. MOORE & SON.

Mr. Chester Loney, of McHenry, has the typhoid fever.

Nice fresh pack Macken, 14tf W. H. MOORE & SON.

FOR SALE—One well broke bird dog. DAN KING, 14tf Hartford, Ky.

Mr. J. M. White, of Flint Springs, Ky., was a pleasant caller at this office, yesterday.

Mrs. R. L. Tweddell and little daughter, Miss Nellie, of Calhoun, Ky., are the guests of relatives in Hartford.

Rev. Joiner, the new pastor of the M. E. Church, South, delivered two splendid sermons to large audiences Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. R. R. Riley returned yesterday afternoon from Louisville, where he had been attending the annual session of the Grand Lodge of the Masonic order.

Hon. J. P. Miller has moved from Cromwell, where until recently he was cashier of the Cromwell Deposit Bank, and will make his home here with his daughter, Mrs. D. Bean.

Every cent spent at Fairs' counts a vote in the Piano Contest.

Trade at Fairs', get the Piano coupons and keep your friend in the contest.

Miss Margaret Marks returned yesterday afternoon from a brief visit in Louisville.

Work to get the Piano at Fairs' insist on your friends buying their fall wear from them.

Have you examined Fairs' School Schools for your children? If not, don't put it off. They carry none but the best.

Judge John B. Wilson returned Wednesday afternoon from Louisville, where he accompanied the Ohio county Teachers on their trip to that city and the Mammoth Cave and Bowling Green.

Mr. Marvin Miller, court stenographer, paid The Republican a pleasant call Monday. He complimented us very highly on our Industrial Edition, which we recently issued.

Mrs. Jesse Fulkerson died at the home of her father, Mr. J. W. Wilson, of Prinds, yesterday. Funeral will be held to-day. Mrs. Fulkerson was a niece of Judge John B. Wilson, of this city.

Mr. C. C. Carter, of Narrows, paid The Republican a call Tuesday. He is another of our subscribers who has been on our subscription list since the first paper was issued twenty-four years ago.

Among the visiting Attorneys attending Circuit Court this week were: Messrs. John T. Rose, Contertown; J. M. Porter and D. B. Rhoads, Beaver Dam; Armstead Jones, Nelson; and Boyle C. Willis, Greenville.

We are requested to announce that Hartford Camp No. 202, Woodmen of the World meets in Hartford every Second and Fourth Saturday nights, and all members will make their arrangements to be present on those nights.

Moving pictures tonight and tomorrow night at Dr. Bear's Opera House. Something new and up-to-date, comic pictures which are always most interesting. New and up-to-date songs composed and written by popular Musicians.

Did you ever realize that when your home merchant does not have in stock something that you want that he will gladly order it for you? It would be a saving to you to let your home merchant order for you, and would give the profit to the home merchant.

In another column of this issue will be found an article headed, "Eyes Front, Forward March, Kentucky." This is an editorial that recently appeared in the Louisville Herald and is truly a great piece of work and should be read by everyone. To read it is to feel better.

While painting the roof of the Rhoads storehouse on Main street last Friday afternoon Mr. William Newbold received injuries which came very near resulting in his sudden death. Mr. Newbold was working by himself and was at the end of the ladder near the eave of the roof when the ladder broke loose, letting him fall a distance of about twenty-two feet. A few minutes elapsed before anyone got to him, and then physicians were hastily summoned, and he was carried to his home. Upon examination it was found that three ribs were broken, an ankle broken and his back severely injured. Notwithstanding all this he has gotten along better than was expected.

A killing occurred at Hayti, the colored settlement of Hartford, Tuesday night about 7:30 when Buncumb Render, a well to do and hard working colored man, shot and instantly killed his friend, Tom Castle. It is said that Render had started to his work at McHenry that night, but came home, thinking that by doing this he would ascertain whether or not things were going wrong at his home, as it is claimed that he had been warned that everything was not as it should be. When he returned home he saw two men near about and with his shotgun fired on Castle, whom he thought was the man of whom he had been warned, but who was his friend. Render came to Hartford and gave himself up to the authorities, and has been held over to the grand jury, which is in session now.

Try a sack of Irvington "None Such" flour, there is none better to be had anywhere. Sold exclusively by W. H. Moore & Son, 14tf

Get our cut-rate prices on Patent Medicines and Prescriptions before going elsewhere. We can save you money.

5tf OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO.

The Teachers and Patrons of Ohio County schools will return this afternoon from their educational trip to the city schools of Louisville, the Mammoth Cave and the schools of Bowling Green, including the Normal. A party of 207 left early Tuesday morning on the M. H. & E. for the trip. In Louisville they were especially given a true Kentucky welcome to that city, and the commercial organizations did everything possible to show them a good time.

speaker and laid the corner stone. These exercises were followed by the song, "America" and music by the band. In the chest that was placed in the corner stone were placed the names of the Trustees of the school, names of the Lincoln panels and a copy of the industrial edition of The Hartford Republican.

Circuit Court in Session.

The Ohio Circuit Court convened in court hall here last Monday morning for a two-weeks term. Judge T. F. Birkhead presiding, Commonwealth's Attorney Ben D. Ring and County Attorney C. E. Smith were present.

The following named gentlemen were empaneled as grand jurors for the present term: R. C. Stewart, Nat Lindley, Jno. W. Krown, James Carter, W. B. McLean, J. H. Loyd, H. E. Shultz, Guyman Westfield, O. P. Brunton, S. H. Render, J. J. Stewart and J. W. Malin. J. H. Loyd was designated as foreman of the grand jury; S. H. Render was selected as sheriff and Nat Lindley as clerk.

The following named gentlemen were empaneled as petit jurors for the term, viz: W. C. Daugherty, R. S. Jackson, J. W. Miller, R. E. Ward, John Edge, J. M. Leach, W. F. Sandifer, W. L. James, J. C. Taylor, L. C. Morton, J. T. Funk, R. W. Davis, C. F. Boswell, James C. Drake, E. F. Render, W. L. Wilson, J. W. Flemer, W. C. Wallace, C. Y. Allen, Tom Chin, Burnett McDowell and R. W. Brown.

St. Clair vs. the M. H. & E. railroad Co., consumed all of the time Thursday in trial.

Baptist Church

J. W. BRUNER, Pastor.

Sunday School at 9:45. Dr. E. W. Ford, Supt.

Morning worship at 11 o'clock and evening worship at 7:15.

Sunday will be the pastor's last services and he would be glad to have a full attendance of the membership both morning and night.

REPUBLICAN SPEAKINGS IN OHIO COUNTY.



At Cromwell,
HON E. P. MORROW,
Nephew of Senator Bradley.

Friday, night, Oct. 27.

At Hartford,
HON. E. P. MORROW,
The Modern Silver Tongued Orator.

Saturday, Oct. 28, 1, o'clock.

At McHenry,
HON. E. P. MORROW,
Saturday night, October 28.

Last Call for Taxes.

Representatives of the Ohio County Sheriff's office will be at the following places at the time indicated for the purpose of issuing Tax Receipts and you will save coming to the county-seat or avoid the necessity of a visit to your home by arranging to settle in this manner: Deputy Sheriff S. O. Krown will be at

Fordsville, Saturday, October 21.
Cromwell, Tuesday, October 24—forenoon.

Prentis, Tuesday, October 24—afternoon.

Wyo, Wednesday, October 25.

Cervalo, Thursday, October 26—forenoon.

Smallhous, Thursday, October 26—afternoon.

Matanzas, Friday, October 27.

Rockport, Monday, October 30.

Dundee, Tuesday, October 31.

T. H. BLACK, S. O. C.
By S. O. KROWN, D. S. 14tf

Farm for Sale.

170 acres of Rough River bottom land. All cleared and well improved. Good residence, barns, outbuildings, wells, etc. Terms reasonable.

R. B. MARTIN,
14tf Hartford, Ky.

Nasal Catarrh, an inflammation of the delicate membrane lining the air-passages, is not cured by any mixture taken into the stomach. Don't waste time on them. Take Ely's Cream Balm through the nostrils, so that the fevered, swollen tissues are reached at once. Never mind how long you have suffered nor how often you have been disappointed, we know Ely's Cream Balm is the remedy you should use. All druggists, 50c. Mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Royal has no substitute for making delicious home-baked foods

ROYAL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

is but two months and a half off, we start this issue in giving The Republican subscribers the best we have in stock. First are mentioned some articles which you might hunt out at R. W. King's or J. B. Tappans.

A ring for the finger of scorn.

A bracelet for the arm of the law.

A clothes brush for a coat of paint.

A purse to be held by the hand of plenty.

A sick pin for the tie that binds.

A thimble to sew stitches in time.

Knives to match the forks of the road.

Diamond setting for the charms of a woman.

Afraid to Stay Alone.

Cherry Valley, Ark.—Mrs. Carrie Moore of this place says, "I was afraid to stay by myself. I had headache nearly all the time; my heart would palpitate, and my vitality was very low. When I would lie down, at night, I had no hope of living until day. I tried Cardui, and now I feel better than I have for 5 years. I cannot praise Cardui enough for what it did." Are you a woman? Do you need a tonic? Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. Your druggist sells it.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE!

At Paradise at W. S. FOX Storehouse on Monday, October 23, 10 a.m. The Stock Consists of Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Groceries, Hardware, Drugs, Store Fixtures and one Gasoline Grist Mill.

TERMS—Sale on a credit of 3 and 6 months, note with approved security required.

MRS. M. D. FOX,
Adm. of W. S. Fox, deceased.

13-2

AUTUMN Millinery!

All the newest and most attractive designs, made to your order at most reasonable prices. Satisfaction Guaranteed!

MISS POPPIE NALL
Main Street Hartford, Ky.

WANTED!

We want 25 barrels of good

Country Sorghum

Will pay 35c at Railroad Station.

HARTFORD GROCERY COMPANY.

GIVE THE PEOPLE MORE POWER

Judge O'Rear's Ringing Appeal
For Popular Government.

HE DENOUNCES THE LOBBY

Direct election of United States senators by the people, the abolition of contract convict labor, the destruction of the corrupt lobby and bipartisan control of all state institutions were the principal topics touched upon by Judge E. C. O'Rear, the Republican candidate for governor, in his western Kentucky speaking trip. His views on these vital issues are as follows:

Senator McCreary says we say nothing in our platform about corrupt lobbyists or any other kind of lobbyists operating upon the legislature to affect that body in electing officers, and therefore, he argues to you, that my party convention and that I am in favor of that kind of lobbying to corrupt the legislature in electing officers, United States senators, prison commissioners, librarians or any other officers which the legislature may provide for itself to elect.

He asks me whether I approve the omission from my platform of that feature in his platform. That is a pertinent question, and I am going to answer it, because you are interested in it and are concerned in it. In the first place, I am opposed to the legislature electing any officers save those which serve that body alone. I am opposed to the legislature electing even United States senators. I am for placing it in the hands of the people to elect their United States senators. (Great applause.) I am opposed to the legislature electing that prison commission. It was a mistake in politics to place that power in the hands of the legislature. It was done for the purpose of strengthening and building up a party machine, and has done it. I lay this down as fundamentally true, that the legislative department ought not to be allowed to elect anybody to office save their own servants, such as their clerks and doorkeepers and the like. That all officers ought either to be elected by the people or appointed by the executive department. And for this reason, if no other, that if the legislature is allowed to create an office, and then elect a man to fill it and fix its duties and salary, there being no check upon it anywhere, it is more liable to abuse the power thus given to it than if it were authorized to create the office and fix the salary only, leaving it to someone else to fill the office by appointment or election. That is the American system; that is certainly the Kentucky system. So, when we remove the election from the legislature of any state office, then that clause in Senator McCreary's platform becomes unimportant.

Prison Commission.

While I am discussing that subject, it is pertinent that I should take up with you here the prison commission of Kentucky. Our platform declares that the present method of selecting the prison commissioners is wrong. We affirm that that prison board ought to be a bipartisan body, one-half of one party and one-half of the other. Our platform declares that the convict contract system of labor now under the jurisdiction of that board should be abolished. Senator McCreary's platform provides, on the other hand, that the method of electing the prison commissioners should be changed, that it was wrong. It does not provide for a bipartisan board. It does not declare against the contract system of leasing out these poor fellows in these penitentiaries. It leaves the prison commission a partisan board, as now. It merely transfers its election from the legislature to the executive department. That is better than the present system, I will grant you, but it can be made still better. Their platform then goes on to commend, to applaud, to praise the course of the management of the penitentiaries of Kentucky by the present board of prison commissioners.

Let us examine its official record. There was received and expended on account of penitentiaries from Aug. 1, 1898, to June 30, 1911, under the present board (and that board has been in power all that time and has been a partisan board, all of one party, all that time), as shown by the auditor's books, as follows: From the branch penitentiary at Eddyville, there was received into the treasury \$678,199.68. There was paid out on account of that branch penitentiary \$1,332,871.98, an excess in payments over receipts of \$654,672.30.

From the Kentucky penitentiary at Frankfort there was received \$2,217, \$58.99, and there was paid out \$2,416,819.60, leaving a deficit of \$198, 960.61. The total excess of expenditures over receipts is \$853,632.91.

Then to the above there should be added the following items which have been disbursed and are part of the receipts for which credit is given, but which were acquired under a former administration of the penitentiaries:

Invoice of machinery on hand Aug. 1, 1898 \$32,557.45

factory Aug. 1, 1898 66,448.29
Owing by Frankfort Chair Co. for goods sold and delivered to them prior to Aug. 1, 1898. 43,518.42
Owing to Kentucky Chair Co. for goods sold and delivered to them prior to Aug. 1, 1898. 5,711.42

Making a total of \$148,239.69

The actual excess of expenditures over receipts under the board of prison commissioners, as shown by the auditor's books, is \$1,004,863.59. This shows an average yearly excess of expenditures over receipts of more than \$77,000. Then, they have recommended that administration of these prison commissioners, and say it is a good thing for the state.

Do you think that is good business management? Here is a prison commission elected by the general assembly, its rights and salaries fixed by the general assembly, and the prison commission appoints the friends, the kinspeople, the sons and sometimes the members of the general assembly, to guardships and deputy wardenships and offices of that kind, in consideration of their election, until it has become a veritable graft on the taxpayers of Kentucky. It is infamous, yet they approve it in their platform and say it is all right.

Convict Labor.

We are opposed to the contract system of labor. I have explained in other addresses some of the reasons why. I want to give you one additional reason this afternoon. You are interested in good roads. You are talking good roads. You have adopted a constitutional amendment providing for good roads. It takes something besides interest and talking and constitutional amendments to have them. It takes muscle, it takes work, it takes money to have good roads. How are you going to get the money? You have to subscribe it out of your pockets or you have to pay it in the way of taxes. You are all complaining that your taxes are heavy, but if you are going to build more roads you have to have more taxes or you have to have them built some other way. The present system is obsolete. It won't do. Bad roads are a tremendous tax upon the community. My idea is, instead of running these penitentiaries at loss of \$800,000, which has been made as profits to the contractors, that we turn it to better account by using the men in the penitentiaries for the people of Kentucky. Build road with them, and build good ones. If you can save that million of dollars in building good roads, you will have no trouble in building your three Lincoln ways and your two Jefferson Davis ways, besides any number of lateral and feeding lines through Kentucky, until Kentucky will be famed for her good roads.

There is a provision of the constitution which now forbids working of convicts outside of the walls of the penitentiaries. We would have, perhaps, to adopt an amendment to the constitution to work this out, but let us adopt the amendment and allow the convicts to be worked by the state upon the state's and the counties' public works. The counties could well afford to guard and feed the prisoners while they are working on the county roads. Instead of paying this million of dollars out of your pockets, let it be applied to the building of good roads throughout the state.

MC CREAMY'S FIRST ADMINISTRATION

Thirty-eight years ago James B. McCreary was elected governor of Kentucky. He had for four years previously been a member of the house of representatives, and for the last two years speaker of that house. He was then some forty-odd years old. He was in a position, by virtue of his age and experience, at least his opportunities, to give to the state the best service of which he was mentally and physically capable, and I assume he did the best that he could, and I want to read you something about his record.

For fear that some of my audience might question my statements, I will say what Governor Beckham says about it, because Governor Beckham is now standing as sponsor for him. Senator McCreary said, in a speech which he delivered at Georgetown four years ago, when he was a candidate for senator, speaking of his own term of office as governor of Kentucky: "I found a surplus of money in the treasury when I went into office. I have always believed in economy in using the public money, and I believe in saving the taxpayer all I can. The tax on every \$100 was then 45 cents. I recommended the legislature to reduce it to 40 cents on the \$100, which was done." That is his record.

Here's what Governor Beckham says about it: "What he says about finding a surplus when he went into office and a reduction of the tax rate is true, but let us look at the condition of the treasury and the affairs of the state when he went out of office. He was succeeded on Sept. 2, 1879, by Governor Luke B. Blackburn, a man of truth, and biggest-hearted governor Kentucky ever had. Governor McCreary left the finances of the state in such a demoralized condition that he forced his successor to ask for a restoration of the old rate in order to maintain the credit of the commonwealth. For nearly 30 years he has used that tax reduction as one of his chief political assets, but he has never breathed a word about the unfortunate results it brought to the state treasury."

Invoice of machinery on hand Aug. 1, 1898 \$32,557.45
Invoice of material in chair

Daffydills.

Now, if the file in a rasping tone should call the auger a-bore.

And the monkey wrench a nut from the vis., would the plane just smooth things o'er?

If the house was full and the water drunks would the hose reel all around

And if the waters could speak as they flow, how would Long Island Sound.

If you board a spell at a shore hotel is the billow that you pay?

If a single car weighs several ton how much does the whole subway?

Can a scavenger be a cheerful man when he's always in the dumps?

If the water pipes in a dance hall burst would the dancers use their pumps?

If a Harvard oarsman rows in a shell, in what do the salmon roe?

If no grass grows in the frozen North what, then, does the Eskimo?

If a bulldog wore a hobble skirt the lily pad—and hark?

If a thief broke into a drugstore do you think that the dogwood bark?

If a parrot can swear can a crocus, too?

This is the frivolous sort of thinking that is dubbed a Daffyhill.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas county, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY.

Swear to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

A Prayer to Time.

Backward, turn backward oh time in thy flight, and give us a maiden dressed proper and right. We are so swary of switches and rats, Bally Bunk clusters and peach basket hats. Wads of the hair in a horrid pile, stacked on their heads to the height of a mile. Something is wrong with the maidens, ew erat; give us the girls as they used to appear. Give us the girlies we once knew of yore, whose curls didn't come from a hair dressing store. Maidens who dressed

with a sensible view, and and just as Dame Nature intended them to. Give us a girl with a figure her own, and fashioned divinely by nature alone. Feminine styles getting fierce each year—Oh! give us the girls as they used to appear.—Sterling (Kansas Journal).

Directory

Ohio County

Circuit Court—T. F. Birkehead, Judge; Ben D. Ringo, Attorney; W. P. Midkiff, Jailer; E. G. Barras, Clerk; F. L. Felix, Master Commissioner; R. T. Collins, Trustee Jury Fund; T. H. Black, Sheriff; Hartford. Deputies—S. O. Keown and Lon Black. Court convenes first Monday in February and continues three weeks; third Monday in April, two weeks second Monday in June, three weeks; third Monday in October two weeks.

County Court—R. R. Wedding, Judge; W. S. Tinsley, Clerk, C. E. Smith, Attorney, Hartford. Court convenes first Monday in each month.

Quarterly Quarterly Court—Begins on the fourth Monday in February, May, August and November.

Court of Claims—Convenes first Tuesday in January and first Tuesday in October.

Other County Officers—C. S. Moxley, Surveyor, Fordsville, Ky.; F. P. Moore, No. 2, Birmingham, Postmaster, Hartford; H. F. D. No. 2, Henry Leach, Superintendent, Hartford; Dr. A. B. Riley, Coroner, Hartford.

JUSTICES COURTS.

B. S. Chamberlain, Hartford, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in March, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in June, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in September, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in December.

O. E. Scott, Cromwell, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in March, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in June, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in September, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in December.

John H. Miles, Rockport, Friday after 3rd Monday in March, Friday after 3rd Monday in June, Friday after 3rd Monday in September, Friday after 3rd Monday in December.

M. C. Cook, Renfrew, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in February, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in May, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in August, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in November.

Thomas Sanders, Dundee, Wednesday after the second Monday in February, Wednesday after 2nd Monday in May, Wednesday after 2nd Monday in August, Wednesday after 2nd Monday in November.

C. V. Miles, Fordsville, Thursday after 2nd Monday in February, Thursday after 2nd Monday in May, Thursday after 2nd Monday in November.

J. L. Patton, Ralph, Friday after 2nd Monday in February, Friday after 2nd Monday in May, Friday after 3rd Monday in August, Friday after 2nd Monday in November.

HARTFORD POLICE COURT.

C. M. Crowe, Judge; G. B. Likens, City Attorney; Sam Riley, Marshal; Court Clerk; and Marshal in each month.

City Council—J. H. Williams, Mayor; R. T. Collins, Clerk; S. K. Cox, Treasurer. Members of Council: T. R. Barnard, W. J. Bean, W. M. Fair, Pen Strode, W. E. Ellis, E. Moore.

Street Pipe and Button Company—Treasurer, Currie's Rust Proof Works.

PEAS

Earliest Red Valentine \$3.50 Bushel
Refugee—Extra Early \$3.25 Bushel
New Stringless Green Pod \$3.00 Bushel
Wardell's Imp. Kidney Wax \$4.00 Bushel
Davis New White Wax \$4.75 Bushel
Currie's Rust Proof Works \$4.00 Bushel

Lettuce, Radish, Turnip and a full line of
Seeds, Pipe and Buttons at lowest growing prices.

Send for complete catalogue or submit a list of
your requirements and we'll quote prices.

Buy direct from the grower—Save Money.

Buy today. Mention this paper.

SEEDS

Buckbee's "Full of Life" Northern Growth Seeds have a reputation of 35 years of successful seed growing behind them. It pays to take the best.

Seasonable Specialties—BEANS

Earliest Red Valentine \$3.50 Bushel
Refugee—Extra Early \$3.25 Bushel
New Stringless Green Pod \$3.00 Bushel
Wardell's Imp. Kidney Wax \$4.00 Bushel
Davis New White Wax \$4.75 Bushel
Currie's Rust Proof Works \$4.00 Bushel

PEAS

Extra Early Alaska \$3.50 Bushel
New Early Gradus \$3.25 Bushel
Horsford's Market Garden \$3.00 Bushel
Buckbee's Lighting Express \$3.00 Bushel

Lettuce, Radish, Turnip and a full line of
Seeds, Pipe and Buttons at lowest growing prices.

Send for complete catalogue or submit a list of
your requirements and we'll quote prices.

Buy direct from the grower—Save Money.

Buy today. Mention this paper.

H. W. BUCKBEE

1308 Buckbee St., Rockford Seed Farms, Rockford, IL

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CONSUMPTION Can Be CURED TO PROVE IT

We send FREE a bottle Germinal, a quick relief for lung trouble, coughs, pains in chest, and that run down feeling. (Mention this paper.)

OHIO MEDICAL COMPANY Box 95 COLUMBUS, OHIO

McCALL PATTERNS

Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability. Sold in monthlies, annually, in every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—over a million. Includes Latvian patterns, dressmaking, tailoring, plain sewing, fancy needlework, dressmaking, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS

to Agents. Postal brings premium catalogue and new cash prize offers. Address THE McCALL CO., 238 to 260 W. 37th St., NEW YORK

McCALL PATTERNS

Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability. Sold in monthlies, annually, in every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—over a million. Includes Latvian patterns, dressmaking, tailoring, plain sewing, fancy needlework, dressmaking, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today

LONG CAREER IS CLOSED

**Associate Justice Harlan
Dies in Washington.**

**Kentucky's Noted Son Succumbs
to Brief Attack of Acute
Bronchitis.**

Washington, Oct. 14.—Associate Justice John Marshall Harlan, who at the close of his already noted career as a member of the Supreme Court of the United States, won new fame as the "great dissenter" by his isolated opinions in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco cases, died of acute bronchitis at his home here at 8:13 o'clock this morning. His last words to the members of his family, who stood at his bedside, were:

"Good-bye; I am sorry I have kept you all waiting so long."

Justice Harlan apparently was in the best of physical condition when he came home from his vacation for the opening of court. He felt an attack of cold on Monday night, and on Tuesday acute bronchitis with fever developed. The illness not thought to be fatal, however, until Thursday. Yesterday a relapse made it almost certain the Justice could not survive. His family gathered at the bedside at 3 o'clock this morning.

The first message of condolence received came from President Taft, and read as follows:

"Mr. John M. Harlan, Washington: The sad news of Mr. Justice Harlan's passing away has just reached me. I tender my heartfelt sympathy in your deep sorrow. The country loses a great Judge and Jurist and a most patriotic and valuable servant. He was a brave and effective soldier for the Union in the Civil war. His labors upon the Supreme bench cover more than thirty-four years, and exceed those of any other Judge in its history. May the memory of the services he has rendered and the high place he has held in the hearts of his countrymen help to mitigate the blow to you and your family."

W.M. H. TAFT.

Hundreds of other messages have arrived at the Harlan home during this day.

The funeral will be held on Tuesday the Justice's pastor, the Rev. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe, of the New York Avenue Presbyterian church, officiating.

The Supreme Court will adjourn immediately after convening on Monday.

Justice Harlan served on the Supreme Court thirty-three years, ten months and twenty-five days, and had been living until next June he would have eclipsed the records of Justice Field, who served thirty-four years, six months and ten days, and Chief Justice Marshall, who served thirty-four years, five months and five days.

Justice Harlan was born in Boyle County, Ky., in 1833. When his parents christened him John Marshall, they named him for a great Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, in the hope that some day he might rise to the position which he did hold temporarily until the death of the office could be administered to Chief Justice Edward white.

Justice Harlan was born in Boyle an independent. In court he was often an unflinching minority of one. Styles of dress would come and go, but the Justice never deviated from his long, black frock coat and slouch hat in winter and an alpaca coat and old-fashioned straw hat in summer. He was simple in his tastes. His home was always a country home.

He became a member of the Supreme Court without a fortune, and at his death left a very small estate.

His devotion to duty was notable. An instance of this trait was evined on Wednesday, when although appreciating his serious condition, he pleaded with his physician to be permitted to attend the session of the Supreme Court the next day, telling them a case of the utmost importance necessitated his presence in the chamber.

There was about him a keen sense of humor.

Candidates to Contrast.

Here is the effective contrast between the two candidates for Governor made by Mr. John E. Garner of Winchester in his eloquent speech at Paducah, in which without calling names he portrayed Judge O'Rear and Senator McCrary so well that every body recognized the pictures without being told which was which. Here is the way Mr. Garner sizes up the two gentlemen:

CANDIDATES IN CONTRAST.

One is positive, active and progressive; the other is negative, passive and retrogressive.

One has this career of usefulness in

the future; the other has past his career of usefulness.

One is a leader of public opinion; the other waits for public opinion to "blaze the way."

One is for doing some things that are not done, and for undoing some things that are done, stating what and why; the other is content to let most things remain as they are, but if the people think there is too much of any thing he is in favor of reducing it, and if they think there is too little of anything he is in favor of increasing it.

One wants to make an epoch in Kentucky's history; the other wants to round out a lifetime of office in office.

One stands alone for State betterment; the other stands alone for personal preferment.

One asks your vote for what he is ambitious to accomplish; the other asks your vote to accomplish his ambition.

One commands for what he conceives to be best; the other accepts what is deemed to be expedient.

One has a position about every question; the other has a question about every position.

One has a purpose in his election; the other has his election as his purpose.

One seeks an opportunity to do something for the State; the other seeks opportunities for the State to do something for him.

One disregarding political consequences said: "These are my views"; the other with obsequiousness said: "My views are whatever you think they should be."

One said that he could not accept any nomination unless they could agree on a platform; the other said that he would accept any platform if they would agree to his nomination.

If his description is fair and accurate, whom should we elect?

You are not experimenting on yourself when you take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a cold as that preparation has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds, and can always be depended upon. It is equally valuable for adults and children and may be given to young children with implicit confidence as it contains no harmful drug. Sold by all druggists.

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Good Farm for Sale.

Containing 65 acres, on Beaver Dam and Hartford pike, one-half mile from Beaver Dam. Good five room house, good out buildings, 8 acres in wood land. Plenty of water, and fruits of all kinds. Also with sell horses, cattle, hogs and farming implements. For further particulars call on, JOSEPH R. WILLIAMS,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

HER WEIGHT INCREASED FROM 100 TO 140 POUNDS.

Wonderful Praise Accorded Peruna the Household Remedy

Mrs. Maria Goertz, Orlena, Oklahoma, writes:

"My husband, children and myself have used your medicines, and we always keep them in the house in case of necessity. I was restored to health by this medicine, and Dr. Hartman's invaluable advice and books. People ask about me from different places, and are surprised that I can do all of my housework alone, and that I was cured by the doctor of chronic catarrh. My husband was cured of asthma, my daughter of catarrh and catarrh of the stomach, and my son of catarrh of the throat. When I was sick I weighed 100 pounds; now I weigh 140."

"I have regained my health again, and I cannot thank you enough for your advice. May God give you a long life and bless your work."

One has this career of usefulness in

HOUSEHOLD HELPS

FRIED APPLE CHARLOTTE.

Soak four slices of stale bread in water and when soft press very dry. Add to bread three apples pared and cut in small dice, one-half cup of sugar, a dash of nutmeg, and a pinch of salt. Beat two eggs, whites and yolks separately, add and mix all well. Sprinkle a spoonful at a time in hot lard.

TOMATO SALAD.

Cut several firm tomatoes into inch cubes, sprinkle with chopped watercress and cover with French dressing. For the French dressing mix one-quarter teaspoonful each of mustard, white pepper and powdered sugar. Stir up four tablespoonfuls olive oil. Add one tablespoonful vinegar, one tablespoonful lemon juice and juice of half a small onion.

SWISS EGGS.

Melt one table-spoonful of butter in an omelet pan, add half a cup of cream and slip in, one at a time, four unbroken eggs. Season with salt, pepper and a small amount of cayenne. When the whites are nearly firm sprinkle with three level table-spoonfuls of grated cheese and cook until the cheese melts. Serve on buttered toast, straining the cream over the whole.

STEWED CORN.

Melt two table-spoonfuls of butter, add one of flour and cook without browning. Add a table-spoonful of finely minced sweet green pepper and a thin shaving from a clove of garlic. Do not emit the garlic. When the pepper is soft and the flour still white add half a cup of cream and two cups of corn cut from the ear. Cook till thoroughly heated, or about five minutes.

GRAPES BUTTER.

Pick the grapes from the stems and put them into a preserving kettle with water sufficient to boil them soft; then rub through a colander or coarse sieve to remove the seeds. To each quart of pulp add 1 1/2 pounds of sugar; boil very slowly one hour, or until thick like jelly. Stir very often, being careful not to burn it. Put in stone or glass jars. When cold cover with paraffin and keep in a cool place.

CANTALOUP FRAPPE.

Remove the seeds from two melons and soup out the pulp. Run through a potato ricer. There should be a pint of pulp. Soften a tea-spoonful of gelatin in one-fourth of a cupful of cold water and then set over hot water to melt. Add a pinch of salt and half a cupful of sugar to the pulp, with the juice of half a lemon and half a cupful of sherry. Stir in the melted gelatin and freeze. Send to the table in the chilled rind of the melon cut to represent a basket with handles.

TO REMOVE STAINS.

Saturate grass stains thoroughly with kerosene, then put them in the wash-tub.

Soak ink stains in sour milk. If a dark stain remains, rinse in a weak solution of chloride of lime.

Soak blood stains in cold salt water; then wash them in warm water, using plenty of soap; afterwards boil.

Rub sewing machine oil stains with lard; let stand for several hours and then wash with cold water and soap.

Wet soot stains, then rub with soap and bleach in the sun.

Wash iodine stains with alcohol, then rinse in soapy water.

Soak iron rust stains thoroughly with lemon juice; sprinkle with salt and bleach for several hours in the sun.

Hot water and soap generally remove grease spot stains. If fixed by long standing, use either chloroform or naphtha, taking care to use none of these remedies near either fire or artificial light.

Soak tea and coffee stains in cold water; wring well; spread out and pour a few drops of glycerin over each spot. Let stand several hours, then wash with cold water and soap.

Scrub the fabric containing fruit stains over a basin and pour boiling water on the stain. If the stain has been fixed by neglect, soak the article in a weak solution of oxalic acid or naphtha, taking care to use none of these remedies near either fire or artificial light.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of a judgment in the United States Court for the Western District of Kentucky in the action of Edwin P. Russell et al., plaintiffs, vs. Rough River Telephone Company et al., defendants, I will on Monday, the 20th day of November, 1911, at noon in Hartford, Ky., in front of the Rough River Telephone exchange office on Main street expose to sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, the following described property, to-wit:

Notice of Sale.

All of the property of the Rough River Telephone Company of every character and description which was owned by said Company on October 31, 1901, or has since been acquired by it, and more particularly all of its rights, property and franchises of every character and description whatsoever situated, including its exchanges and switch board at Hartford, Ohio County, Kentucky, and 28 miles of toll line from Hartford to Owenton, Kentucky, with all telephones, lines and instruments connected therewith; also its line from Hartford to Centertown, Cerrovo, A. B. Tichnor's Point Pleasant, Island and Livermore, with all its lines and instruments connected therewith; also its lines from Hartford to Rutherford, Williams Mine, McHenry and Rockport, and all lines and instruments connected therewith; also its lines from Hartford to Harrison, Roane and Horse Branch, with all its lines and instruments connected therewith; also its lines from Hartford to Beaver Dam, Prentiss, Cromwell, Select and Baietown, and all its lines and instruments connected therewith; also its lines from Beaver Dam to Taylor Mines, and all its lines and instruments connected therewith; and all rights-of-way, exchanges, drop boards and apparatus of every character and description connected with said telephone lines, and all other property of said telephone company of every character and description, whether real, personal or mixed; whether in action, which it now owns together with all the rights and equity of redemption of the defendants Rough River Telephone Company and John A. Armstrong, and each of them, into said premises, property rights, assets and franchises.

HARRISON P. TAYLOR,
Special Commissioner U. S. Circuit
Court.

A2

Paint Lick Sick Lady.

Paint Lick, Ky.—Mrs. Mary Freeman, of this place, says: "Before I commenced to take Cardui, I suffered so much from womanly trouble, I was so weak that I was down on my back nearly all the time. Cardui has done me more good than any medicine I ever took in my life." You need not be afraid to take Cardui. It is no new experiment. Composed of gentle-acting, herb ingredients, it has been found to safely relieve headache, backache, and similar female troubles. Try it for your troubles.

A5

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Asst. H. Fletcher*

Saved Her Own Life.

Lebanon Jet, Ky.—Mrs. Minnie Lamb, of this place, says, "I believe I would have been dead before now, had it not been for Cardui. I haven't had one of those bad spells since I commenced to use your medicine." Cardui is a specific medicine for the ills that women suffer. Cardui is made from harmless vegetable ingredients. It is a safe, reliable medicine, successfully used by suffering women for more than fifty years. Try it to-day for sale at all druggists.

A2

The Commonwealth of Kentucky.

To the Sheriff of Ohio County, Greeting:

We command you that you expose to sale the estate of James McNutt, to-wit:

A certain lot of ground, lying and being in Ohio county, Ky., with all improvements thereon in the town of Beaver Dam, Ky., said lot being 50 feet front and running back 170 feet and located on the East side of Maryland Street, which fronts, and being just South of and adjoining lot No. 1, in block M, viz: in fact it is immediately at the East end of 2nd Street, being the same property conveyed to James McNutt by L. P. Barnes and wife, by deed, dated March 30, 1905, and record in deed book 30, page 326 Ohio County Clerk's office, which according to our command you have taken into your hands, and which still remains in your hands unsold, as you have certified to the Judge of our Ohio Circuit Court, to satisfy E. P. Barnes and B. C. Barnes, partners trading and doing business under the firm name and style of E. P. Barnes & Bros., the sum of \$100,000. One Hundred and 2-100 Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, from the 20 day of June, 1904, until paid. Also the sum of \$9,25 which in the same Court was adjudged to them for their costs in that behalf expended, whereof E. P. Barnes & Bros., hath recovered Execution against the said James McNutt by virtue of a judgment of the Ohio Circuit Court, and that you have the said sums of money before the Judge of our said Court the Court House in Hartford, Ky., Nov. 18, 1911 to satisfy the said Plaintiff's debt, interest and costs aforesaid, and have them and there

this writ.

Witness E. G. Barrass, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House aforesaid, this 3rd, day of Oct. 1911.

E. G. BARRASS, Clerk.

Cr. by \$6.27, Nov. 12, 1904; \$5.00, May 14, 1905; \$3.00, Aug. 12, 1905;

\$2.00, Oct. 13, 1905; \$2.00, Jan. 13, 1906; \$5.00, Jan. 29, 1907; \$2.00, Feb. 14, 1907; \$4.00, Apr. 16, 1907; \$2.00, June 12, 1907; \$1.00, June 23, 1907; \$2.50 Sept. 9, 1907; \$3.00, Dec. 29, 1907; \$2.00 Oct. 12, 1908.

Plaintiff's debt, interest and costs aforesaid, and have them and there

Attest:

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